
Contents

Preface	xi
Part 0. Preliminaries	
Chapter 0. A first look at Banach and Hilbert spaces	3
§0.1. Warm up: Metric and topological spaces	3
§0.2. The Banach space of continuous functions	14
§0.3. The geometry of Hilbert spaces	21
§0.4. Completeness	26
§0.5. Bounded operators	27
§0.6. Lebesgue L^p spaces	30
§0.7. Appendix: The uniform boundedness principle	38
Part 1. Mathematical Foundations of Quantum Mechanics	
Chapter 1. Hilbert spaces	43
§1.1. Hilbert spaces	43
§1.2. Orthonormal bases	45
§1.3. The projection theorem and the Riesz lemma	49
§1.4. Orthogonal sums and tensor products	52
§1.5. The C^* algebra of bounded linear operators	54
§1.6. Weak and strong convergence	55
§1.7. Appendix: The Stone–Weierstraß theorem	59
Chapter 2. Self-adjointness and spectrum	63

§2.1. Some quantum mechanics	63
§2.2. Self-adjoint operators	66
§2.3. Quadratic forms and the Friedrichs extension	76
§2.4. Resolvents and spectra	83
§2.5. Orthogonal sums of operators	89
§2.6. Self-adjoint extensions	91
§2.7. Appendix: Absolutely continuous functions	95
Chapter 3. The spectral theorem	99
§3.1. The spectral theorem	99
§3.2. More on Borel measures	112
§3.3. Spectral types	118
§3.4. Appendix: Herglotz–Nevanlinna functions	120
Chapter 4. Applications of the spectral theorem	131
§4.1. Integral formulas	131
§4.2. Commuting operators	135
§4.3. Polar decomposition	138
§4.4. The min-max theorem	140
§4.5. Estimating eigenspaces	142
§4.6. Tensor products of operators	143
Chapter 5. Quantum dynamics	145
§5.1. The time evolution and Stone’s theorem	145
§5.2. The RAGE theorem	150
§5.3. The Trotter product formula	155
Chapter 6. Perturbation theory for self-adjoint operators	157
§6.1. Relatively bounded operators and the Kato–Rellich theorem	157
§6.2. More on compact operators	160
§6.3. Hilbert–Schmidt and trace class operators	163
§6.4. Relatively compact operators and Weyl’s theorem	170
§6.5. Relatively form-bounded operators and the KLMN theorem	174
§6.6. Strong and norm resolvent convergence	179
 Part 2. Schrödinger Operators	
Chapter 7. The free Schrödinger operator	187
§7.1. The Fourier transform	187

§7.2. Sobolev spaces	194
§7.3. The free Schrödinger operator	197
§7.4. The time evolution in the free case	199
§7.5. The resolvent and Green's function	201
Chapter 8. Algebraic methods	207
§8.1. Position and momentum	207
§8.2. Angular momentum	209
§8.3. The harmonic oscillator	212
§8.4. Abstract commutation	214
Chapter 9. One-dimensional Schrödinger operators	217
§9.1. Sturm–Liouville operators	217
§9.2. Weyl's limit circle, limit point alternative	223
§9.3. Spectral transformations I	231
§9.4. Inverse spectral theory	238
§9.5. Absolutely continuous spectrum	242
§9.6. Spectral transformations II	245
§9.7. The spectra of one-dimensional Schrödinger operators	250
Chapter 10. One-particle Schrödinger operators	257
§10.1. Self-adjointness and spectrum	257
§10.2. The hydrogen atom	258
§10.3. Angular momentum	261
§10.4. The eigenvalues of the hydrogen atom	265
§10.5. Nondegeneracy of the ground state	272
Chapter 11. Atomic Schrödinger operators	275
§11.1. Self-adjointness	275
§11.2. The HVZ theorem	278
Chapter 12. Scattering theory	283
§12.1. Abstract theory	283
§12.2. Incoming and outgoing states	286
§12.3. Schrödinger operators with short range potentials	289
Part 3. Appendix	
Appendix A. Almost everything about Lebesgue integration	295
§A.1. Borel measures in a nutshell	295

§A.2. Extending a premeasure to a measure	303
§A.3. Measurable functions	307
§A.4. How wild are measurable objects?	309
§A.5. Integration — Sum me up, Henri	312
§A.6. Product measures	319
§A.7. Transformation of measures and integrals	322
§A.8. Vague convergence of measures	328
§A.9. Decomposition of measures	331
§A.10. Derivatives of measures	334
Bibliographical notes	341
Bibliography	345
Glossary of notation	349
Index	353