On p. 67 is a table of the last 26 figures for each of 35 values of $9^n$, $n = 89, 100, 200, \ldots, 387420489$. Thus the last 26 figures of $N$ are found to be

$$24 \quad 178799 \quad 359681 \quad 422627 \quad 177289.$$ 

These results check with those quoted above, except in the case of the first of the McIntyre figures. Weiss gives also two tables and formulae for finding last figures of $9^n$.

J. W. Meares in Br. Astron. Assoc., J., v. 31, 1921, p. 277–278, comments on $9!(9|9^r)$ and finds that its value is greater than $10$ to the power $10^{2000000}$ but less than $10$ to the power $10^{2000001}$.

R. C. A.

In accordance with British usage, Crommelin here means $1000 \times 10^4$; in the United States this would be interpreted as $1000 \times 10^4$.

55. A NEW RESULT CONCERNING A MERSENNE NUMBER.—(Compare N. 23, 33, v. 1, p. 333, 404). On 9 February 1946 I finished testing the character of the Mersenne number $M_{227} = 2^{227} - 1 = 8627 \ 18293 \ 34882 \ 04734 \ 29344 \ 48278 \ 46281 \ 81556 \ 38862 \ 15212 \ 98319 \ 39531 \ 55279 \ 74911$. Since the final residue, the 228th, was not zero the conclusion is that $M_{227}$ is composite.

The Lucasian sequence used was $4, 14, 194, 37634, 1416317954, \ldots$.

The 228th residue was found to be $91126 \ 86257 \ 27776 \ 96596 \ 41856 \ 06805 \ 84362 \ 68648 \ 91891$.

Thus, among these numbers $M_p$, up to and including $p = 257$, there are only three whose characters are unknown, namely: $p = 193, 199, 227$. There are, however, eleven $M_p$, known to be composite, but of which no factor is known.

I have begun a similar investigation of $M_{199}$.

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QUERIES

17. TABLES FOR CIRCLES.—In O. G. Gregory, Mathematics for Practical Men, London, 1825, p. 406, after “A Table of Circles, from which knowing the diameters, the areas, circumferences, and sides of equal squares are found,” by Goodwyn (see MTE 81), Gregory remarks that this table was “to supersede the necessity of consulting some erroneous tables of the areas, &c. of circles recently put into circulation.” What author and publication are here indicated? The English Catalogue lists the following anonymous item issued in the following year: Tables of Areas and Circumferences of Circles, 3 parts, London, 1826.

R. C. A.

QUERIES—REPLIES

21. BRIGGS’ ARITHMETICA LOGARITHMICA (Q7, v. 1, p. 170).—In my library is a copy of this volume with the extra 12 pages containing the