

# ON AN AXIOM OF BOURBAKI

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It is the purpose of this paper to show that Axiom A2 in Bourbaki's axiomatic system for set theory can be replaced by the weaker statement that every term  $x$  defines a set  $\{x\}$  of which  $x$  is the only element. All references in the paper are to [1], and the terminology and notation of [1] are used.

We place ourselves into a theory with specific signs  $=$  and  $\in$ , in which S1 through S8 are schemas, and A1, A4 and the statement

$$(1) \quad (\forall x) \text{ Coll}_y (y = x)$$

are axioms. The theory may contain other specific signs, schemas and axioms.

Axiom (1) allows us to define a set  $\{x\} = E_y (y = x)$ . Criterion C51 (p. 65) then can be proved. It follows that there is a set  $\phi$  such that  $(\forall x)(x \in \phi)$  is true. Sets  $\{\phi\}$  and, using A4,  $\mathfrak{P}(\{\phi\})$  can then be constructed. It follows that  $\phi \in \mathfrak{P}(\{\phi\})$ ,  $\{\phi\} \in \mathfrak{P}(\{\phi\})$ , and  $\phi \neq \{\phi\}$ .

Let now  $R$  in S8 (p. 64) be the relation

$$(x = u \text{ and } y = \phi) \text{ or } (x = v \text{ and } y = \{\phi\}).$$

The relation

$$(\forall y)(\exists X)(\forall x)(R \Rightarrow (x \in X))$$

is true, as we may put  $X = \{u\}$  for  $y = \phi$  and  $X = \{v\}$  for  $y \neq \phi$ . Then

$$\text{Coll}_x ((\exists y)((y \in \mathfrak{P}(\{\phi\})) \text{ and } R))$$

is true, by S8 and C30 (p. 37). Since

$$((\exists y)((y \in \mathfrak{P}(\{\phi\})) \text{ and } R)) \Leftrightarrow (x = u \text{ or } x = v),$$

we have  $\text{Coll}_x (x = u \text{ or } x = v)$ , and hence, using C27 (p. 36),

$$(\forall u)(\forall v) \text{ Coll}_x (x = u \text{ or } x = v).$$

This is a restatement of A2.

## REFERENCE

1. N. Bourbaki, *Théorie des ensembles*, Chap. I and II., Actualités Scientifiques et Industrielles, no. 1212, Paris, Hermann, 1954.

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