

## ON WHITEHEAD PRODUCTS<sup>1</sup>

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**ABSTRACT.** For every  $(n-1)$ -connected space  $X$ , the image of the Whitehead product map  $\pi_n(X) \times \pi_n(X) \rightarrow \pi_{2n-1}(X)$  is estimated in terms of the  $n$ th and the  $2n$ th Betti numbers.

Let  $X$  be a path connected space, and let  $p$  and  $q$  be positive integers. Denote by  $[\pi_p, \pi_q](X)$  the subgroup of  $\pi_{p+q-1}(X)$  generated by the image of the Whitehead product map

$$\pi_p(X) \times \pi_q(X) \rightarrow \pi_{p+q-1}(X).$$

The purpose of this note is to prove briefly the following result:

**THEOREM 2.** *Let  $X$  be  $(n-1)$ -connected,  $n \geq 1$ , and let  $b_r = \dim_k H^r(X; k)$ ,  $k$  being a field of characteristic  $\neq 2$ . Set  $b = \frac{1}{2}b_n(b_n - 1)$  or  $\frac{1}{2}b_n(b_n + 1)$  according as  $n$  is odd or even. If  $b > b_{2n}$ , then  $[\pi_n, \pi_n](X)$  is nontrivial. If, moreover,  $n > 1$ , then the vector space  $[\pi_n, \pi_n](X) \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} k$  is of dimension  $\geq b - b_{2n}$ .*

Let  $\phi$  denote the Hurewicz homomorphism. Let  $k$  be a commutative ring with 1. Throughout this note,  $k$  will be used for the coefficient of cohomology. There is a pairing

$$(1) \quad H^*(X) \otimes_k H^*(X) \times H_*(X) \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} H_*(X) \rightarrow k$$

such that, for  $\bar{w}' \in H^p(X)$ ,  $\bar{w}'' \in H^q(X)$ ,  $z' \in H_p(X)$ ,  $z'' \in H_q(X)$ ,  $\langle \bar{w}' \otimes_k \bar{w}'', z' \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} z'' \rangle = \langle \bar{w}', z' \rangle \langle \bar{w}'', z'' \rangle$ , when  $p \neq q$ , and  $= \langle \bar{w}', z' \rangle \langle \bar{w}'', z'' \rangle + (-1)^{pq} \langle \bar{w}', z'' \rangle \langle \bar{w}'', z' \rangle$ , when  $p = q$ .

Denote by  $\text{Hom}([\pi_p, \pi_q](X), k)$  the  $k$ -module of homomorphisms from the group  $[\pi_p, \pi_q](X)$  to the additive group of  $k$ . Theorem 2 is a consequence of the next assertion.

**THEOREM 1.** *If  $N$  is the kernel of the cup product map*

$$H^p(X) \otimes_k H^q(X) \rightarrow H^{p+q}(X),$$

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then there is a  $k$ -module homomorphism

$$g: N \rightarrow \text{Hom}([\pi_p, \pi_q](X); k)$$

sending  $\xi$  to  $g_\xi$  such that

$$g_\xi([\alpha'], [\alpha'']) = \langle \xi, \phi[\alpha'] \otimes_Z \phi[\alpha''] \rangle.$$

PROOF. We are going to give, in essence, a singular cohomological version of the proof for a more restricted result for fundamental groups given in [1]. Our basic tools are the functional product of N. Steenrod [4], and a result of H. Uehara and W. S. Massey [3].

Choose a base point of  $X$ . For  $\xi = \sum \bar{w}'_i \otimes_k \bar{w}''_i \in N$ , choose  $w'_i \in Z^p(X, x_0)$  and  $w''_i \in Z^q(X, x_0)$  representing respectively  $\bar{w}'_i$  and  $\bar{w}''_i$  such that

$$\sum w'_i \cup w''_i + \delta w = 0$$

for some  $w \in C^{p+q-1}(X, x_0)$ . Given a map  $\alpha: (I^m, \dot{I}^m) \rightarrow (X, x_0)$ ,  $m \geq 1$ , choose  $v_i \in C^{p-1}(I^m, 0)$  with  $\delta v_i = \alpha^* w'_i$ . Observe that  $v'_i \cup \alpha^* w''_i \in C^{p+q-1}(I^m, \dot{I}^m)$ . Modulo  $\alpha^* H^{p+q-1}(X)$ , the cohomology class  $\bar{u}$  of  $u = \sum v_i \cup \alpha^* w''_i + \alpha^* w \in Z^{p+q-1}(I^m, \dot{I}^m)$  is uniquely determined by  $\xi$ . Thus there is a  $k$ -module homomorphism

$$\lambda_\alpha: N \rightarrow H^{p+q-1}(I^m, \dot{I}^m) / \alpha^* H^{p+q-1}(X).$$

Verify that  $\lambda_\alpha$  depends only on the homotopy class  $[\alpha]$  and is trivial when  $m \neq p+q-1$ . The homomorphism  $\lambda_\alpha$  can be considered as the Steenrod functional product with respect to the map  $\alpha$  arising from the relation  $\sum \bar{w}'_i \cup \bar{w}''_i = 0$ .

Let  $I^m$  be oriented, and let  $z_m$  be the generator of  $H_m(I^m, \dot{I}^m)$ . Define

$$g: N \rightarrow \text{Hom}([\pi_p, \pi_q](X); k)$$

such that, for  $[\alpha] \in [\pi_p, \pi_q](X)$ ,

$$g_\xi([\alpha]) = \langle \bar{u}, z_m \rangle, \quad m = p + q - 1.$$

Since  $\phi[\pi_p, \pi_q](X) = 0$ ,  $g_\xi$  is well defined and can be shown to be a homomorphism. It follows from a slight modification of Theorem IV [3] that

$$g_\xi([\alpha'], [\alpha'']) = \langle \xi, \phi[\alpha'] \otimes_Z \phi[\alpha''] \rangle.$$

Hence the theorem is proved.

PROOF OF THEOREM 2. We have  $p=q=n$  and a field  $k$  of characteristic  $\neq 2$ . Let the pairing

$$H^n(X) \otimes_k H^n(X) \times H_n(X) \otimes_Z H_n(X) \rightarrow k$$

be the restriction of the pairing (1). We have an induced linear map

$$h: H^n(X) \otimes_k H^n(X) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_Z(H_n(X) \otimes_Z H_n(X), k)$$

whose image is denoted by  $B$ . Then  $\dim_k B = b$ .

Write  $N' = hN \subset B$ . The cup product of  $H^n(X)$  has a factorization

$$H^n(X) \otimes_k H^n(X) \xrightarrow{h} B \rightarrow H^{2n}(X),$$

and  $N'$  is the kernel of the map  $B \rightarrow H^{2n}(X)$ . It follows that  $\dim_k N' \geq b - b_{2n}$ . There is an isomorphism  $gN \approx N'$  with  $g_\xi \mapsto g'_\xi$  such that

$$g'_\xi(\phi[\alpha'] \otimes_Z \phi[\alpha'']) = g_\xi([\alpha'], [\alpha'']).$$

Consequently,

$$\dim_k \text{Hom}([\pi_n, \pi_n](X), k) \geq \dim_k N' \geq b - b_{2n}.$$

For  $n > 1$ ,  $\dim_k [\pi_n, \pi_n](X) \otimes_Z k$  and  $\dim_k \text{Hom}([\pi_n, \pi_n](X), k)$  are either equal or both  $\infty$ .

**COROLLARY.** *If  $X$  is  $(n-1)$ -connected,  $n > 1$ , and if  $b_{2n} = 0$ , then*

$$\dim_k [\pi_n, \pi_n](X) \otimes_Z k = b,$$

*provided  $k$  is of characteristic  $\neq 2$ .*

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