

A TOTALLY ORDERED BAIRE SPACE FOR WHICH BLUMBERG'S THEOREM FAILS

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ABSTRACT. An elementary example of a totally ordered non-Blumberg Baire space is given.

A topological space X is called *Blumberg* if for each $f: X \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$, there is a dense subset D of X such that $f|D$ is continuous. Bradford and Goffman proved in [2] that a metric space X is Blumberg if and only if it is Baire. This result generalized the result of Blumberg in [1] that \mathbf{R} is Blumberg. We give here an example of a totally ordered Baire space which fails to be Blumberg.

A totally ordered set T is called an η_1 -set if for any countable subsets A and B such that $a < b$ for each $a \in A$ and $b \in B$, there is an $x \in T$ such that $a < x < b$ for each $a \in A$, $b \in B$. Let X be an η_1 -set such that $|X| = 2^{\aleph_0}$ supplied with the order topology. (Such an η_1 -set exists. See [3, p. 187].) Then X is a Baire space. For suppose $\{G_i\}_{i=1}^{\infty}$ is a collection of open dense sets, and (a, b) is a nonempty basic open set in X . We claim $(a, b) \cap \bigcap_{i=1}^{\infty} G_i \neq \emptyset$. There is a nonempty open interval $(a_1, b_1) \subseteq (a, b) \cap G_1$. Inductively, we find nonempty open intervals (a_n, b_n) such that $(a_{n+1}, b_{n+1}) \subseteq (a_n, b_n) \cap G_{n+1}$. Then $a_i < b_j$ for all i, j . Therefore, there is an $x \in X$ such that $\{a_i\}_{i=1}^{\infty} < x < \{b_i\}_{i=1}^{\infty}$. But then $x \in (a, b) \cap \bigcap_{i=1}^{\infty} G_i$. This proves that X is Baire.

X is a P -space without isolated points (see [3, Problem 13.P]). Hence any dense subset of X is a P -space without isolated points. Therefore, if $f: X \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ is a one-to-one function and D a dense subset of X , then $f|D$ fails to be continuous at each point of D . Thus, X fails to be Blumberg.

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Received by the editors February 2, 1973.

AMS (MOS) subject classifications (1970). Primary 54C30, 54F05.

Key words and phrases. Baire space, Blumberg space, P -space, η_1 -set.