

**CORRECTIONS AND ADDITIONS TO  
 "A GENERALIZATION OF A THEOREM OF AYOUB AND CHOWLA"**

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Let  $\chi_1$  and  $\chi_2$  be characters modulo  $q_1$  and  $q_2$ , respectively, and let

$$f(n) = \sum_{d|n} \chi_1(d) \chi_2(n/d).$$

In [3], I estimated the sum

$$\sum_{n \leq x} f(n) \log(x/n).$$

Unfortunately, as was pointed out to me in a letter by A. Ivić of Beograd, the error term claimed in [3] is incorrect. The error lies in the estimate (3.14) and the best that one can claim is

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{n \leq x} f(n) \log(x/n) &= C_1(\chi_1, \chi_2)x \log x + C_2(\chi_1, \chi_2)x + C_3(\chi_1, \chi_2) \log x \\ &\quad + C_4(\chi_1, \chi_2) + O(x^{-1/4}), \end{aligned}$$

as  $x \rightarrow +\infty$ , where the constants  $C_j(\chi_1, \chi_2)$ ,  $1 \leq j \leq 4$ , are as stated in [3]. This error term is the same as obtained in [1 and 2], however, we still have achieved a uniform calculation of the constants  $C_j(\chi_1, \chi_2)$ ,  $1 \leq j \leq 4$ .

Let  $k \geq 2$  be a positive integer. Then another generalization is to consider  $k$  characters  $\chi_j$  of modulus  $q_j$ ,  $1 \leq j \leq k$ , and let

$$f_k(n) = \sum_{d_1 \cdots d_k = n} \chi_1(d_1) \cdots \chi_k(d_k).$$

Then, in the same way as above, I obtain

$$\sum_{n \leq x} f_k(n) \log^{k-1}(x/n) = xP_{1,k-1}(\log x) + P_{2,k-1}(\log x) + O(x^{-(k-1)/2k}),$$

where  $P_{1,k-1}(u)$  and  $P_{2,k-1}(u)$  are polynomials of degree  $k-1$ , which arise in the calculation of the residues. Indeed, if

$$F_k(s) = \sum_{n=1}^{+\infty} f_k(n) n^{-s},$$

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then

$$xP_{1,k-1}(\log x) = \operatorname{res}(x^s F_k(s) s^{-k}, s = 1)$$

and

$$P_{2,k-1}(\log x) = \operatorname{res}(x^s F_k(s) s^{-k}, s = 0).$$

The actual calculation would be carried out in the same manner as in §§3 and 4 of [3].

The case  $q_1 = \cdots = q_2 = 1$ , that is, when  $f_k(n) = d_k(n)$ , the  $k$ -fold divisor function, was obtained by A. Ivić and mentioned in the letter referred to above. It was his result that suggested this generalization to me.

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