# NEW SOCIABLE NUMBERS 

ACHIM FLAMMENKAMP


#### Abstract

An exhaustive search has yielded new sociable groups; one of order 9 , two of order 8 , and the others of order 4.


For each natural number $n$, we write $s(n)=\sigma(n)-n$ for the number of its divisors excluding itself. If this function is iterated by $s^{j+1}(n)=s\left(s^{j}(n)\right)$, it defines the so-called aliquot sequence of $n: s^{0}(n), s^{1}(n), s^{2}(n), \ldots$, starting with $s^{0}(n) \equiv n$. If the sequence for a given $n$ is bounded, either it ends at 0 (since $s(0)$ is undefined), or it becomes periodic. If it is constant, it has reached a perfect number. If it is alternating, it represents a pair of amicable numbers, or in general produces after $k$ iterations a cycle $s^{k+1}(n), s^{k+2}(n), \ldots, s^{k+t}(n)$ of minimal length $t$, which forms a sociable group of order $t$.

There is a concise historical survey on the search for perfect numbers in [1], and thousands of amicable pairs are known today [2], but much less is known about groups of higher order. At the beginning of this century, the first two examples, order 5 and order 28, were found by Poulet [3]. In 1969 and 1970, Borho [4] and Cohen [5] discovered some of order 4. This work was extended some years later by Devitt et al. [6] and Root [7], who found five further groups of order 4.

In order to find more examples, I initiated a search for sociable numbers on several computers. Testing the first $t$ iterates of each number $n$, I used about 10000 cpu hours on HP320/HP330 computers.

| limit of $n$ | max order of $t$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $5 \cdot 10^{4}$ | 50 |
| $5 \cdot 10^{5}$ | 40 |
| $5 \cdot 10^{6}$ | 30 |
| $5 \cdot 10^{7}$ | 20 |
| $5 \cdot 10^{8}$ | 10 |
| $5 \cdot 10^{9}$ | $30^{*}$ |

[^0]The main result is the discovery of 11 previously unknown sociable groups which are shown with their factorization in the following table; in addition, I reproduced the 1100 amicable pairs computed by Riele [2].

```
1236402232=2\cdot2\cdot2\cdot13\cdot41\cdot53\cdot5471
1369801928=2\cdot2\cdot2\cdot11\cdot17\cdot863\cdot1061
1603118392 = 2\cdot2\cdot2\cdot313\cdot640223
1412336648=2\cdot2\cdot2\cdot4967\cdot35543
2387776550=2\cdot5\cdot5\cdot19\cdot31\cdot89\cdot911
2497625050 = 2.5\cdot5\cdot19\cdot31\cdot84809
2550266150 = 2.5\cdot5\cdot31\cdot59\cdot79\cdot353
2506553050=2\cdot5\cdot5\cdot31\cdot59\cdot27409
2879697304 = 2 \cdot2\cdot2\cdot11\cdot19\cdot1722307
3320611496 = 2\cdot2\cdot2\cdot17\cdot71\cdot343891
3364648984 = 2\cdot2\cdot2\cdot31\cdot13567133
3147575336 = 2 \cdot2\cdot2\cdot47\cdot8371211
4424606020 = 2.2.5\cdot41\cdot103\cdot52387
5186286908=2\cdot2\cdot11\cdot1861\cdot63337
4720282996 = 2 \cdot2\cdot11 1 13\cdot1301 \cdot 6343
4993345292 = 2 2 2 13 1291\cdot74381
1095447416 = 2 \cdot2\cdot2\cdot7\cdot313\cdot62497
1259477224 = 2\cdot2\cdot2\cdot43\cdot3661271
1156962296 = 2\cdot2\cdot2\cdot7\cdot311\cdot66431
1330251784=2\cdot2\cdot2\cdot43\cdot3867011
1221976136 = 2\cdot2\cdot2\cdot41\cdot1399\cdot2663
1127671864 = 2 2 2 .2 '11 \cdot61\cdot83\cdot2531
1245926216 = 2\cdot2\cdot2\cdot19\cdot8196883
1213138984 = 2\cdot2\cdot2\cdot67\cdot2263319
2717495235=3\cdot3\cdot5\cdot7\cdot13\cdot19\cdot53\cdot659
3509525565=3\cdot3\cdot5\cdot7\cdot13\cdot857027
3977471043 = 3.3\cdot7\cdot13\cdot1451\cdot3347
3100575933=3\cdot3\cdot7\cdot13\cdot19\cdot19\cdot10487
3705771825=3\cdot3\cdot5\cdot5\cdot7\cdot1019\cdot2309
3890616975 = 3\cdot3\cdot3\cdot5\cdot5\cdot7\cdot503\cdot1637
4298858865 = 3\cdot3\cdot3\cdot5\cdot7\cdot79\cdot89\cdot647
4659093135=3\cdot3\cdot3\cdot5\cdot101\cdot341701
4823923384=2\cdot2\cdot2\cdot7\cdot7\cdot1087\cdot11321
5708253896 = 2\cdot2\cdot2\cdot23\cdot211\cdot147029
5513075704 = 2\cdot2\cdot2\cdot67\cdot97\cdot107\cdot991
5196238856 = 2\cdot2\cdot2\cdot37\cdot743\cdot23627
1276254780=2\cdot2\cdot3\cdot5\cdot1973\cdot10781
2299401444 = 2\cdot2\cdot3\cdot991\cdot193357
3071310364 = 2.2.767827591
2303482780 =2 2. '5 5 67\cdot211\cdot8147
2629903076 =2\cdot2\cdot23\cdot131\cdot218213
2209210588=2\cdot2\cdot13\cdot13\cdot17\cdot192239
2223459332 = 2.2\cdot131\cdot4243243
1697298124 = 2 \cdot2\cdot907\cdot467833
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1799281330=2\cdot5\cdot7\cdot11 1 139\cdot16811
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1799281330=2\cdot5\cdot7\cdot11 1 139\cdot16811
2267877710 = 2.5\cdot7\cdot32398253
2267877710 = 2.5\cdot7\cdot32398253
2397470866 = 2.7.17\cdot10073407
2397470866 = 2.7.17\cdot10073407
1954241390 =2\cdot5\cdot19\cdot73\cdot140897

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1954241390 =2\cdot5\cdot19\cdot73\cdot140897
```

$$
\begin{aligned}
805984760 & =2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \cdot 1579 \cdot 1823 \\
1268997640 & =2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 17 \cdot 61 \cdot 30593 \\
1803863720 & =2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 103 \cdot 367 \cdot 1193 \\
2308845400 & =2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 11544227 \\
3059220620 & =2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 2347 \cdot 65173 \\
3367978564 & =2 \cdot 2 \cdot 841994641 \\
2525983930 & =2 \cdot 5 \cdot 17 \cdot 367 \cdot 40487 \\
2301481286 & =2 \cdot 13 \cdot 19 \cdot 4658869 \\
1611969514 & =2 \cdot 805984757
\end{aligned}
$$

In particular, a question of Meissner [4] is answered positively, concerning the existence of sociable groups of order 8 and 9 .

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Fakultät für Mathematik, Universität Bielefeld, Postfach 8640, D-4800 Bielefeld 1, Federal Republic of Germany

E-mail address: umatf126@unibi.unibi


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    * In order to save cpu time, I broke off the search in the range over $5 \cdot 10^{8}$ if the iterate exceeded six times the starting value of the sequence.

