## **ADDENDUM**

A. K. Lenstra, H. W. Lenstra, Jr., M. S. Manasse & J. M. Pollard, The factorization of the ninth Fermat number, Math. Comp. 61 (1993), 319-349.

In Section 1 of this article we questioned the wisdom of using numbers obtained from the digits of  $\pi$  as test numbers for factoring algorithms. In this context it is of interest to observe that Gauss uses the number  $314159265 = [10^8\pi]$  to illustrate factoring methods (see [19, Art. 329]). This was pointed out by D. Shanks, who supplied the revised reference [44] as printed. Gauss uses also the number  $43429448 = [10^8/\log 10]$  and its factors in his examples (see [19, Arts. 325, 328.I, 329]), as well as the numerator of a continued fraction approximation to  $\pi$  (see [19, Art. 328.II]). Any reader who wishes to follow in Gauss's footsteps will find a plentiful supply of digits of  $\pi$  in our original reference [44]:

D. Shanks and J. W. Wrench, Jr., Calculation of  $\pi$  to 100,000 decimals, Math. Comp. 16 (1962), 76-99.

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