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Rod Gow, School of Mathematical Sciences, University College, Dublin, 4, Ireland, and C. Ryan Vinroot*, University of Arizona Math. Dept., 617 N. Santa Rita Ave., P.O. Box 210089, Tucson, AZ 85719. Extending real-valued characters of finite linear and unitary groups.

Consider the finite general linear and unitary groups extended by the transpose-inverse automorphism τ , and denote these by $G\langle\tau\rangle = \operatorname{GL}(n,\mathbb{F}_q)\langle\tau\rangle$ and $U\langle\tau\rangle = \operatorname{U}(n,\mathbb{F}_{q^2})\langle\tau\rangle$, respectively, where q is a power of the prime p. Let n be odd, and let χ be an irreducible character of $G\langle\tau\rangle$ or $U\langle\tau\rangle$ which is extended from a real-valued character of G or U, respectively. If $y\tau$ is an element of $G\langle\tau\rangle$ or $U\langle\tau\rangle$ such that $(y\tau)^2$ is regular unipotent in G or U, respectively, we show that $\chi(y\tau) = \pm 1$ if $\chi(1)$ is prime to p, and $\chi(y\tau) = 0$ otherwise. This can be viewed as an extension of a result of Green, Lehrer, and Lusztig, which states that the degrees of characters of finite groups of Lie type are congruent modulo p to their values on regular unipotents. This result and other evidence suggests a strong relationship between the character values of $G\langle\tau\rangle$ and $U\langle\tau\rangle$ via Shintani descent. (Received September 07, 2007)