## A REMARK ON A DECOMPOSITION SPACE OF BING

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The following question has been raised by several authors: If X and Y are two continua whose cartesian product admits a continuous associative multiplication with identity, must X and Y both admit such multiplications? We remark here, that a certain decomposition space defined by Bing yields a negative answer.

Let  $\overline{B}$  denote the space described in 8 of [1]. It is a certain upper semicontinuous decomposition of  $S^3$  each of whose elements is an arc or a point. It is shown in [1] that  $\overline{B} \times S^1$  is homeomorphic with  $S^3 \times S^1$ . Now  $S^3 \times S^1$  admits the structure of a topological group. Hence we need only show that  $\overline{B}$  cannot admit the structure of a topological semigroup with identity. We note first the following

LEMMA. Let D and T be two compact connected topological semigroups with identities. If  $D \times T$  is topologically a manifold then D and T are already Lie groups.

Using coordinatewise multiplication, we see that  $D \times T$  is a semi-group with identity. Then however, [3], it is well known that  $D \times T$  is already a group. Since  $D \times T$  can then have only one idempotent it is immediate that D has only one idempotent. But a compact semi-group with a unique idempotent which is an identity must already be a group, [2]. Hence D is a topological group and, being locally connected and finite dimensional, is a Lie group. Likewise, T is already a Lie group.

Since  $\overline{B} \times S^1$  is a manifold,  $S^3 \times S^1$ , we see that were  $\overline{B}$  to be a semigroup with identity it would be a Lie group. Since  $\overline{B}$  is not a manifold the result follows.

## **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

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