ERRATUM TO "INTEGRAL REPRESENTATIONS OF CYCLIC GROUPS OF ORDER p^2 "

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First sentence following displayed formula (8) should read:

A similar argument shows that the number of lattices of type (2) is given by $\epsilon_p(\alpha - p^{(p-3)/2})h_R h_S$, since in (2) the parameter r ranges from 1 to $p - 2$, and the isomorphism class of the extension with class $\lambda^k v$ is determined by two invariants: the orbit of v in $\bar{Z}[\lambda]/(\lambda^{p-1-k})$, and the quadratic character of $v \pmod{\lambda}$ when $p \equiv 1 \pmod{4}$. Here, $\epsilon_p = 2$ or 1, according as to whether $p \equiv 1$ or 3 $\pmod{4}$. (For details, see the forthcoming article "Invariants of integral representations" by the author.)

The displayed formula in the Theorem should read:

$$n(ZG) = 1 + 2h_R + 2h_S + (4\alpha + (\epsilon_p - 1)(\alpha - p^{(p-3)/2}))h_R h_S.$$

Line 5 before the list of References should read:

Finally, the number of indecomposables of type (2) is given by

$$h_R h_S (\alpha' - p^{(p-3)/2 + \delta((p-3)/2)}).$$

Irving Reiner, *Integral representations of cyclic groups of order p^2* , Proc. Amer. Math. Soc. **58** (1976), 8-12.