

When no linear conditions (11) are imposed, the σ_i represent sums of principal minors of the determinant $|a_{ij} - \lambda_k b_{ij}|$.

It is not difficult to write down from considerations of symmetry the corresponding theorem for maxima.

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J. F. RITT, *Permutable rational functions.*

Page 399, second line from bottom (footnote), for "exists" read "exist."

Page 402, line 21, for "see the" read "see how the."

NORBERT WIENER, *Discontinuous boundary conditions and the Dirichlet problem.*

Page 313, line 14, the exponent of (PQ) should be $2 - n$, not $n - 2$.

Page 314, line 1, same correction.

Page 314, line 3, for " ca^{n-2} " read " ca^{2-n} ".
